Mississippi

The proposed $1.05 billion reduction in Medicare Part A skilled nursing facility expenditures on a nationwide level has a substantial impact on the local, state, and national economies. The estimated economic impact for Mississippi is a reduction of $14,867,508 in business activity, a reduction of $7,286,047 in labor income, and a loss of 260 jobs.

The following schedule illustrates the direct, indirect, and induced impact of this cut in reimbursement on the state of Mississippi.

### Economic Impact of Medicare Nursing Facility Payment Cutback
#### Fiscal Year 2010

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Direct</th>
<th>Indirect</th>
<th>Induced</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business Activity Impacts ($)</td>
<td>9,635,652</td>
<td>1,656,557</td>
<td>3,575,299</td>
<td>14,867,508</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Impacts ($)</td>
<td>5,787,925</td>
<td>449,981</td>
<td>1,048,141</td>
<td>7,286,047</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment Impacts (Jobs)</td>
<td>211</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>260</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Direct Effect** represents the impact (e.g., change in employment or revenues) for the expenditures and/or production values specified as direct final demand changes.

**Indirect Effect** represents the impact (e.g., change in employment) caused by the iteration of industries purchasing from industries resulting from direct final demand changes.

**Induced Effect** represents the impacts on all local industries caused by the expenditures of new household income generated by the direct and indirect effects of direct final demand changes.

**Total Impact** is the sum of the direct, indirect, and induced effects.

**Labor Income** is the sum of employee compensation and proprietary income.

**Economic Impact Analysis:** Impact Analysis For Planning (IMPLAN) software, Minnesota IMPLAN Group, Inc., 2007 data.
Mississippi
Congressional District 1

The proposed $1.05 billion reduction in Medicare Part A skilled nursing facility expenditures on a nationwide level has a substantial impact on the local, state, and national economies. The estimated economic impact for Mississippi Congressional District 1 is a reduction of $4,275,624 in business activity, a reduction of $2,146,765 in labor income, and a loss of 81 jobs.

The following schedule illustrates the direct, indirect, and induced impact of this cut in reimbursement on Mississippi Congressional District 1.

Economic Impact of Medicare Nursing Facility Payment Cutback
Fiscal Year 2010

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mississippi Congressional District 1</th>
<th>Direct</th>
<th>Indirect</th>
<th>Induced</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business Activity Impacts ($)</td>
<td>2,922,124</td>
<td>432,995</td>
<td>920,505</td>
<td>4,275,624</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Impacts ($)</td>
<td>1,747,849</td>
<td>118,756</td>
<td>280,160</td>
<td>2,146,765</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment Impacts (Jobs)</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Direct Effect represents the impact (e.g., change in employment or revenues) for the expenditures and/or production values specified as direct final demand changes.

Indirect Effect represents the impact (e.g., change in employment) caused by the iteration of industries purchasing from industries resulting from direct final demand changes.

Induced Effect represents the impacts on all local industries caused by the expenditures of new household income generated by the direct and indirect effects of direct final demand changes.

Total Impact is the sum of the direct, indirect, and induced effects.

Labor Income is the sum of employee compensation and proprietary income.


Mississippi
Congressional District 2

The proposed $1.05 billion reduction in Medicare Part A skilled nursing facility expenditures on a nationwide level has a substantial impact on the local, state, and national economies. The estimated economic impact for Mississippi Congressional District 2 is a reduction of $3,095,472 in business activity, a reduction of $1,521,057 in labor income, and a loss of 51 jobs.

The following schedule illustrates the direct, indirect, and induced impact of this cut in reimbursement on Mississippi Congressional District 2.

Economic Impact of Medicare Nursing Facility Payment Cutback
Fiscal Year 2010

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mississippi Congressional District 2</th>
<th>Direct</th>
<th>Indirect</th>
<th>Induced</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business Activity Impacts ($)</td>
<td>1,992,267</td>
<td>354,023</td>
<td>749,182</td>
<td>3,095,472</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Impacts ($)</td>
<td>1,204,683</td>
<td>96,094</td>
<td>220,280</td>
<td>1,521,057</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment Impacts (Jobs)</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Direct Effect represents the impact (e.g., change in employment or revenues) for the expenditures and/or production values specified as direct final demand changes.

Indirect Effect represents the impact (e.g., change in employment) caused by the iteration of industries purchasing from industries resulting from direct final demand changes.

Induced Effect represents the impacts on all local industries caused by the expenditures of new household income generated by the direct and indirect effects of direct final demand changes.

Total Impact is the sum of the direct, indirect, and induced effects.

Labor Income is the sum of employee compensation and proprietary income.


Mississippi
Congressional District 3

The proposed $1.05 billion reduction in Medicare Part A skilled nursing facility expenditures on a nationwide level has a substantial impact on the local, state, and national economies. The estimated economic impact for Mississippi Congressional District 3 is a reduction of $3,586,969 in business activity, a reduction of $1,787,432 in labor income, and a loss of 65 jobs.

The following schedule illustrates the direct, indirect, and induced impact of this cut in reimbursement on Mississippi Congressional District 3.

**Economic Impact of Medicare Nursing Facility Payment Cutback**
**Fiscal Year 2010**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mississippi Congressional District 3</th>
<th>Direct</th>
<th>Indirect</th>
<th>Induced</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business Activity Impacts ($)</td>
<td>2,389,131</td>
<td>355,869</td>
<td>841,969</td>
<td>3,586,969</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Impacts ($)</td>
<td>1,429,845</td>
<td>103,403</td>
<td>254,184</td>
<td>1,787,432</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment Impacts (Jobs)</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Direct Effect** represents the impact (e.g., change in employment or revenues) for the expenditures and/or production values specified as direct final demand changes.

**Indirect Effect** represents the impact (e.g., change in employment) caused by the iteration of industries purchasing from industries resulting from direct final demand changes.

**Induced Effect** represents the impacts on all local industries caused by the expenditures of new household income generated by the direct and indirect effects of direct final demand changes.

**Total Impact** is the sum of the direct, indirect, and induced effects.

**Labor Income** is the sum of employee compensation and proprietary income.

**Economic Impact Analysis:** Impact Analysis For Planning (IMPLAN) software, Minnesota IMPLAN Group, Inc., 2007 data.


Mississippi Congressional District 4

The proposed $1.05 billion reduction in Medicare Part A skilled nursing facility expenditures on a nationwide level has a substantial impact on the local, state, and national economies. The estimated economic impact for Mississippi Congressional District 4 is a reduction of $3,366,219 in business activity, a reduction of $1,709,907 in labor income, and a loss of 60 jobs.

The following schedule illustrates the direct, indirect, and induced impact of this cut in reimbursement on Mississippi Congressional District 4.

Economic Impact of Medicare Nursing Facility Payment Cutback Fiscal Year 2010

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mississippi Congressional District 4</th>
<th>Direct</th>
<th>Indirect</th>
<th>Induced</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business Activity Impacts ($)</td>
<td>2,332,130</td>
<td>315,137</td>
<td>718,952</td>
<td>3,366,219</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Impacts ($)</td>
<td>1,404,862</td>
<td>88,381</td>
<td>216,664</td>
<td>1,709,907</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment Impacts (Jobs)</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Direct Effect represents the impact (e.g., change in employment or revenues) for the expenditures and/or production values specified as direct final demand changes.

Indirect Effect represents the impact (e.g., change in employment) caused by the iteration of industries purchasing from industries resulting from direct final demand changes.

Induced Effect represents the impacts on all local industries caused by the expenditures of new household income generated by the direct and indirect effects of direct final demand changes.

Total Impact is the sum of the direct, indirect, and induced effects.

Labor Income is the sum of employee compensation and proprietary income.


United States

The proposed $1.05 billion reduction in Medicare Part A skilled nursing facility expenditures on a nationwide level has a substantial impact on the local, state, and national economies. The estimated economic impact for United States is a reduction of $2,538,574,941 in business activity, a reduction of $1,102,133,619 in labor income, and a loss of 30,323 jobs.

The following schedule illustrates the direct, indirect, and induced impact of this cut in reimbursement on the United States.

**Economic Impact of Medicare Nursing Facility Payment Cutback**
**Fiscal Year 2010**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>United States</th>
<th>Direct</th>
<th>Indirect</th>
<th>Induced</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business Activity Impacts ($)</td>
<td>1,050,000,000</td>
<td>457,958,967</td>
<td>1,030,615,974</td>
<td>2,538,574,941</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Impacts ($)</td>
<td>640,413,737</td>
<td>139,085,410</td>
<td>322,634,472</td>
<td>1,102,133,619</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment Impacts (Jobs)</td>
<td>20,219</td>
<td>2,842</td>
<td>7,262</td>
<td>30,323</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Direct Effect** represents the impact (e.g., change in employment or revenues) for the expenditures and/or production values specified as direct final demand changes.

**Indirect Effect** represents the impact (e.g., change in employment) caused by the iteration of industries purchasing from industries resulting from direct final demand changes.

**Induced Effect** represents the impacts on all local industries caused by the expenditures of new household income generated by the direct and indirect effects of direct final demand changes.

**Total Impact** is the sum of the direct, indirect, and induced effects.

**Labor Income** is the sum of employee compensation and proprietary income.

**Economic Impact Analysis**: Impact Analysis For Planning (IMPLAN) software, Minnesota IMPLAN Group, Inc., 2007 data.