Virginia

The proposed $1.05 billion reduction in Medicare Part A skilled nursing facility expenditures on a nationwide level has a substantial impact on the local, state, and national economies. The estimated economic impact for Virginia is a reduction of $41,012,740 in business activity, a reduction of $20,479,074 in labor income, and a loss of 600 jobs.

The following schedule illustrates the direct, indirect, and induced impact of this cut in reimbursement on the commonwealth of Virginia.

**Economic Impact of Medicare Nursing Facility Payment Cutback**

**Fiscal Year 2010**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Virginia</th>
<th>Direct</th>
<th>Indirect</th>
<th>Induced</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business Activity Impacts ($)</td>
<td>25,270,115</td>
<td>5,241,916</td>
<td>10,500,709</td>
<td>41,012,740</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Impacts ($)</td>
<td>15,465,455</td>
<td>1,677,494</td>
<td>3,336,125</td>
<td>20,479,074</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment Impacts (Jobs)</td>
<td>473</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>600</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Direct Effect** represents the impact (e.g., change in employment or revenues) for the expenditures and/or production values specified as direct final demand changes.

**Indirect Effect** represents the impact (e.g., change in employment) caused by the iteration of industries purchasing from industries resulting from direct final demand changes.

**Induced Effect** represents the impacts on all local industries caused by the expenditures of new household income generated by the direct and indirect effects of direct final demand changes.

**Total Impact** is the sum of the direct, indirect, and induced effects.

**Labor Income** is the sum of employee compensation and proprietary income.

**Economic Impact Analysis:** Impact Analysis For Planning (IMPLAN) software, Minnesota IMPLAN Group, Inc., 2007 data.
Virginia Congressional District 1

The proposed $1.05 billion reduction in Medicare Part A skilled nursing facility expenditures on a nationwide level has a substantial impact on the local, state, and national economies. The estimated economic impact for Virginia Congressional District 1 is a reduction of $2,626,824 in business activity, a reduction of $1,342,362 in labor income, and a loss of 37 jobs.

The following schedule illustrates the direct, indirect, and induced impact of this cut in reimbursement on Virginia Congressional District 1.

### Economic Impact of Medicare Nursing Facility Payment Cutback
#### Fiscal Year 2010

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Virginia Congressional District 1</th>
<th>Direct</th>
<th>Indirect</th>
<th>Induced</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business Activity Impacts ($)</td>
<td>1,742,006</td>
<td>279,583</td>
<td>605,235</td>
<td>2,626,824</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Impacts ($)</td>
<td>1,071,860</td>
<td>87,648</td>
<td>182,854</td>
<td>1,342,362</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment Impacts (Jobs)</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Direct Effect** represents the impact (e.g., change in employment or revenues) for the expenditures and/or production values specified as direct final demand changes.

**Indirect Effect** represents the impact (e.g., change in employment) caused by the iteration of industries purchasing from industries resulting from direct final demand changes.

**Induced Effect** represents the impacts on all local industries caused by the expenditures of new household income generated by the direct and indirect effects of direct final demand changes.

**Total Impact** is the sum of the direct, indirect, and induced effects.

**Labor Income** is the sum of employee compensation and proprietary income.

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Virginia
Congressional District 2

The proposed $1.05 billion reduction in Medicare Part A skilled nursing facility expenditures on a nationwide level has a substantial impact on the local, state, and national economies. The estimated economic impact for Virginia Congressional District 2 is a reduction of $2,682,633 in business activity, a reduction of $1,380,558 in labor income, and a loss of 43 jobs.

The following schedule illustrates the direct, indirect, and induced impact of this cut in reimbursement on Virginia Congressional District 2.

**Economic Impact of Medicare Nursing Facility Payment Cutback**

**Fiscal Year 2010**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Direct</th>
<th>Indirect</th>
<th>Induced</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business Activity</td>
<td>1,794,255</td>
<td>275,458</td>
<td>612,920</td>
<td>2,682,633</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income</td>
<td>1,095,625</td>
<td>87,888</td>
<td>197,045</td>
<td>1,380,558</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Direct Effect** represents the impact (e.g., change in employment or revenues) for the expenditures and/or production values specified as direct final demand changes.

**Indirect Effect** represents the impact (e.g., change in employment) caused by the iteration of industries purchasing from industries resulting from direct final demand changes.

**Induced Effect** represents the impacts on all local industries caused by the expenditures of new household income generated by the direct and indirect effects of direct final demand changes.

**Total Impact** is the sum of the direct, indirect, and induced effects.

**Labor Income** is the sum of employee compensation and proprietary income.

**Economic Impact Analysis:** Impact Analysis For Planning (IMPLAN) software, Minnesota IMPLAN Group, Inc., 2007 data.


Virginia

Congressional District 3

The proposed $1.05 billion reduction in Medicare Part A skilled nursing facility expenditures on a nationwide level has a substantial impact on the local, state, and national economies. The estimated economic impact for Virginia Congressional District 3 is a reduction of $2,979,976 in business activity, a reduction of $1,551,151 in labor income, and a loss of 46 jobs.

The following schedule illustrates the direct, indirect, and induced impact of this cut in reimbursement on Virginia Congressional District 3.

Economic Impact of Medicare Nursing Facility Payment Cutback
Fiscal Year 2010

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Virginia Congressional District 3</th>
<th>Direct</th>
<th>Indirect</th>
<th>Induced</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business Activity Impacts ($)</td>
<td>2,034,152</td>
<td>378,729</td>
<td>567,095</td>
<td>2,979,976</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Impacts ($)</td>
<td>1,245,602</td>
<td>121,712</td>
<td>183,837</td>
<td>1,551,151</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment Impacts (Jobs)</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Direct Effect** represents the impact (e.g., change in employment or revenues) for the expenditures and/or production values specified as direct final demand changes.

**Indirect Effect** represents the impact (e.g., change in employment) caused by the iteration of industries purchasing from industries resulting from direct final demand changes.

**Induced Effect** represents the impacts on all local industries caused by the expenditures of new household income generated by the direct and indirect effects of direct final demand changes.

**Total Impact** is the sum of the direct, indirect, and induced effects.

**Labor Income** is the sum of employee compensation and proprietary income.

**Economic Impact Analysis:** Impact Analysis For Planning (IMPLAN) software, Minnesota IMPLAN Group, Inc., 2007 data.


Virginia
Congressional District 4

The proposed $1.05 billion reduction in Medicare Part A skilled nursing facility expenditures on a nationwide level has a substantial impact on the local, state, and national economies. The estimated economic impact for Virginia Congressional District 4 is a reduction of $3,268,858 in business activity, a reduction of $1,683,689 in labor income, and a loss of 52 jobs.

The following schedule illustrates the direct, indirect, and induced impact of this cut in reimbursement on Virginia Congressional District 4.

**Economic Impact of Medicare Nursing Facility Payment Cutback**  
**Fiscal Year 2010**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Virginia Congressional District 4</th>
<th>Direct</th>
<th>Indirect</th>
<th>Induced</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business Activity Impacts ($)</td>
<td>2,223,050</td>
<td>331,516</td>
<td>714,292</td>
<td>3,268,858</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Impacts ($)</td>
<td>1,356,379</td>
<td>105,457</td>
<td>221,853</td>
<td>1,683,689</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment Impacts (Jobs)</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Direct Effect represents the impact (e.g., change in employment or revenues) for the expenditures and/or production values specified as direct final demand changes.

Indirect Effect represents the impact (e.g., change in employment) caused by the iteration of industries purchasing from industries resulting from direct final demand changes.

Induced Effect represents the impacts on all local industries caused by the expenditures of new household income generated by the direct and indirect effects of direct final demand changes.

Total Impact is the sum of the direct, indirect, and induced effects.

Labor Income is the sum of employee compensation and proprietary income.


Virginia
Congressional District 5

The proposed $1.05 billion reduction in Medicare Part A skilled nursing facility expenditures on a nationwide level has a substantial impact on the local, state, and national economies. The estimated economic impact for Virginia Congressional District 5 is a reduction of $4,407,012 in business activity, a reduction of $2,228,659 in labor income, and a loss of 67 jobs.

The following schedule illustrates the direct, indirect, and induced impact of this cut in reimbursement on Virginia Congressional District 5.

Economic Impact of Medicare Nursing Facility Payment Cutback
Fiscal Year 2010

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Virginia Congressional District 5</th>
<th>Direct</th>
<th>Indirect</th>
<th>Induced</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business Activity Impacts ($)</td>
<td>2,850,151</td>
<td>476,608</td>
<td>1,080,253</td>
<td>4,407,012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Impacts ($)</td>
<td>1,747,210</td>
<td>147,581</td>
<td>333,868</td>
<td>2,228,659</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment Impacts (Jobs)</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Direct Effect represents the impact (e.g., change in employment or revenues) for the expenditures and/or production values specified as direct final demand changes.

Indirect Effect represents the impact (e.g., change in employment) caused by the iteration of industries purchasing from industries resulting from direct final demand changes.

Induced Effect represents the impacts on all local industries caused by the expenditures of new household income generated by the direct and indirect effects of direct final demand changes.

Total Impact is the sum of the direct, indirect, and induced effects.

Labor Income is the sum of employee compensation and proprietary income.

Virginia
Congressional District 6

The proposed $1.05 billion reduction in Medicare Part A skilled nursing facility expenditures on a nationwide level has a substantial impact on the local, state, and national economies. The estimated economic impact for Virginia Congressional District 6 is a reduction of $7,200,252 in business activity, a reduction of $3,557,031 in labor income, and a loss of 114 jobs.

The following schedule illustrates the direct, indirect, and induced impact of this cut in reimbursement on Virginia Congressional District 6.

Economic Impact of Medicare Nursing Facility Payment Cutback
Fiscal Year 2010

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Virginia Congressional District 6</th>
<th>Direct</th>
<th>Indirect</th>
<th>Induced</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business Activity Impacts ($)</td>
<td>4,551,488</td>
<td>893,375</td>
<td>1,755,389</td>
<td>7,200,252</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Impacts ($)</td>
<td>2,776,434</td>
<td>248,523</td>
<td>532,074</td>
<td>3,557,031</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment Impacts (Jobs)</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>114</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Direct Effect represents the impact (e.g., change in employment or revenues) for the expenditures and/or production values specified as direct final demand changes.

Indirect Effect represents the impact (e.g., change in employment) caused by the iteration of industries purchasing from industries resulting from direct final demand changes.

Induced Effect represents the impacts on all local industries caused by the expenditures of new household income generated by the direct and indirect effects of direct final demand changes.

Total Impact is the sum of the direct, indirect, and induced effects.

Labor Income is the sum of employee compensation and proprietary income.


Virginia
Congressional District 7

The proposed $1.05 billion reduction in Medicare Part A skilled nursing facility expenditures on a nationwide level has a substantial impact on the local, state, and national economies. The estimated economic impact for Virginia Congressional District 7 is a reduction of $3,947,161 in business activity, a reduction of $2,017,857 in labor income, and a loss of 59 jobs.

The following schedule illustrates the direct, indirect, and induced impact of this cut in reimbursement on Virginia Congressional District 7.

Economic Impact of Medicare Nursing Facility Payment Cutback
Fiscal Year 2010

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Virginia Congressional District 7</th>
<th>Direct</th>
<th>Indirect</th>
<th>Induced</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business Activity Impacts ($)</td>
<td>2,550,584</td>
<td>450,541</td>
<td>946,036</td>
<td>3,947,161</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Impacts ($)</td>
<td>1,562,684</td>
<td>149,386</td>
<td>305,787</td>
<td>2,017,857</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment Impacts (Jobs)</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Direct Effect represents the impact (e.g., change in employment or revenues) for the expenditures and/or production values specified as direct final demand changes.

Indirect Effect represents the impact (e.g., change in employment) caused by the iteration of industries purchasing from industries resulting from direct final demand changes.

Induced Effect represents the impacts on all local industries caused by the expenditures of new household income generated by the direct and indirect effects of direct final demand changes.

Total Impact is the sum of the direct, indirect, and induced effects.

Labor Income is the sum of employee compensation and proprietary income.


Virginia
Congressional District 8

The proposed $1.05 billion reduction in Medicare Part A skilled nursing facility expenditures on a nationwide level has a substantial impact on the local, state, and national economies. The estimated economic impact for Virginia Congressional District 8 is a reduction of $2,143,216 in business activity, a reduction of $1,176,622 in labor income, and a loss of 29 jobs.

The following schedule illustrates the direct, indirect, and induced impact of this cut in reimbursement on Virginia Congressional District 8.

**Economic Impact of Medicare Nursing Facility Payment Cutback**
**Fiscal Year 2010**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Virginia Congressional District 8</th>
<th>Direct</th>
<th>Indirect</th>
<th>Induced</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business Activity Impacts ($)</td>
<td>1,563,570</td>
<td>241,917</td>
<td>337,729</td>
<td>2,143,216</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Impacts ($)</td>
<td>966,469</td>
<td>90,510</td>
<td>119,643</td>
<td>1,176,622</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment Impacts (Jobs)</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Direct Effect** represents the impact (e.g., change in employment or revenues) for the expenditures and/or production values specified as direct final demand changes.

**Indirect Effect** represents the impact (e.g., change in employment) caused by the iteration of industries purchasing from industries resulting from direct final demand changes.

**Induced Effect** represents the impacts on all local industries caused by the expenditures of new household income generated by the direct and indirect effects of direct final demand changes.

**Total Impact** is the sum of the direct, indirect, and induced effects.

**Labor Income** is the sum of employee compensation and proprietary income.

**Economic Impact Analysis**: Impact Analysis For Planning (IMPLAN) software, Minnesota IMPLAN Group, Inc., 2007 data.


Virginia
Congressional District 9

The proposed $1.05 billion reduction in Medicare Part A skilled nursing facility expenditures on a nationwide level has a substantial impact on the local, state, and national economies. The estimated economic impact for Virginia Congressional District 9 is a reduction of $3,950,425 in business activity, a reduction of $2,004,712 in labor income, and a loss of 68 jobs.

The following schedule illustrates the direct, indirect, and induced impact of this cut in reimbursement on Virginia Congressional District 9.

**Economic Impact of Medicare Nursing Facility Payment Cutback**
**Fiscal Year 2010**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Virginia Congressional District 9</th>
<th>Direct</th>
<th>Indirect</th>
<th>Induced</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business Activity Impacts ($)</td>
<td>2,680,986</td>
<td>370,648</td>
<td>898,791</td>
<td>3,950,425</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Impacts ($)</td>
<td>1,628,920</td>
<td>108,515</td>
<td>267,277</td>
<td>2,004,712</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment Impacts (Jobs)</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Direct Effect** represents the impact (e.g., change in employment or revenues) for the expenditures and/or production values specified as direct final demand changes.

**Indirect Effect** represents the impact (e.g., change in employment) caused by the iteration of industries purchasing from industries resulting from direct final demand changes.

**Induced Effect** represents the impacts on all local industries caused by the expenditures of new household income generated by the direct and indirect effects of direct final demand changes.

**Total Impact** is the sum of the direct, indirect, and induced effects.

**Labor Income** is the sum of employee compensation and proprietary income.

**Economic Impact Analysis**: Impact Analysis For Planning (IMPLAN) software, Minnesota IMPLAN Group, Inc., 2007 data.
Virginia
Congressional District 10

The proposed $1.05 billion reduction in Medicare Part A skilled nursing facility expenditures on a nationwide level has a substantial impact on the local, state, and national economies. The estimated economic impact for Virginia Congressional District 10 is a reduction of $2,024,774 in business activity, a reduction of $1,109,388 in labor income, and a loss of 29 jobs.

The following schedule illustrates the direct, indirect, and induced impact of this cut in reimbursement on Virginia Congressional District 10.

Economic Impact of Medicare Nursing Facility Payment Cutback  
Fiscal Year 2010

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Virginia Congressional District 10</th>
<th>Direct</th>
<th>Indirect</th>
<th>Induced</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business Activity Impacts ($)</td>
<td>1,470,844</td>
<td>244,923</td>
<td>309,007</td>
<td>2,024,774</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Impacts ($)</td>
<td>907,532</td>
<td>90,754</td>
<td>111,102</td>
<td>1,109,388</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment Impacts (Jobs)</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Direct Effect represents the impact (e.g., change in employment or revenues) for the expenditures and/or production values specified as direct final demand changes.

Indirect Effect represents the impact (e.g., change in employment) caused by the iteration of industries purchasing from industries resulting from direct final demand changes.

Induced Effect represents the impacts on all local industries caused by the expenditures of new household income generated by the direct and indirect effects of direct final demand changes.

Total Impact is the sum of the direct, indirect, and induced effects.

Labor Income is the sum of employee compensation and proprietary income.


Virginia
Congressional District 11

The proposed $1.05 billion reduction in Medicare Part A skilled nursing facility expenditures on a nationwide level has a substantial impact on the local, state, and national economies. The estimated economic impact for Virginia Congressional District 11 is a reduction of $2,605,163 in business activity, a reduction of $1,406,616 in labor income, and a loss of 37 jobs.

The following schedule illustrates the direct, indirect, and induced impact of this cut in reimbursement on Virginia Congressional District 11.

Economic Impact of Medicare Nursing Facility Payment Cutback
Fiscal Year 2010

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Virginia Congressional District 11</th>
<th>Direct</th>
<th>Indirect</th>
<th>Induced</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business Activity Impacts ($)</td>
<td>1,809,028</td>
<td>268,324</td>
<td>527,811</td>
<td>2,605,163</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Impacts ($)</td>
<td>1,117,434</td>
<td>101,798</td>
<td>187,384</td>
<td>1,406,616</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment Impacts (Jobs)</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Direct Effect represents the impact (e.g., change in employment or revenues) for the expenditures and/or production values specified as direct final demand changes.

Indirect Effect represents the impact (e.g., change in employment) caused by the iteration of industries purchasing from industries resulting from direct final demand changes.

Induced Effect represents the impacts on all local industries caused by the expenditures of new household income generated by the direct and indirect effects of direct final demand changes.

Total Impact is the sum of the direct, indirect, and induced effects.

Labor Income is the sum of employee compensation and proprietary income.

United States

The proposed $1.05 billion reduction in Medicare Part A skilled nursing facility expenditures on a nationwide level has a substantial impact on the local, state, and national economies. The estimated economic impact for United States is a reduction of $2,538,574,941 in business activity, a reduction of $1,102,133,619 in labor income, and a loss of 30,323 jobs.

The following schedule illustrates the direct, indirect, and induced impact of this cut in reimbursement on the United States.

### Economic Impact of Medicare Nursing Facility Payment Cutback
**Fiscal Year 2010**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Direct</th>
<th>Indirect</th>
<th>Induced</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business Activity Impacts ($)</td>
<td>1,050,000,000</td>
<td>457,958,967</td>
<td>1,030,615,974</td>
<td>2,538,574,941</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income Impacts ($)</td>
<td>640,413,737</td>
<td>139,085,410</td>
<td>322,634,472</td>
<td>1,102,133,619</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment Impacts (Jobs)</td>
<td>20,219</td>
<td>2,842</td>
<td>7,262</td>
<td>30,323</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Direct Effect** represents the impact (e.g., change in employment or revenues) for the expenditures and/or production values specified as direct final demand changes.

**Indirect Effect** represents the impact (e.g., change in employment) caused by the iteration of industries purchasing from industries resulting from direct final demand changes.

**Induced Effect** represents the impacts on all local industries caused by the expenditures of new household income generated by the direct and indirect effects of direct final demand changes.

**Total Impact** is the sum of the direct, indirect, and induced effects.

**Labor Income** is the sum of employee compensation and proprietary income.

**Economic Impact Analysis:** Impact Analysis For Planning (IMPLAN) software, Minnesota IMPLAN Group, Inc., 2007 data.
